# **1. Currency Risk. Spot and Forward Exchange Rates. Theories**

# **Basic terms**

#### Currency risk definition – schedule from the first lecture

Currency risk management involves choice of foreign assets (instruments), currency portfolio structuring and choice of currencies.

Currency systems

- system of fixed exchange rates
- system of floating exchange rates

#### **International Currency Market**

It is the wholesale market in which major banks trade with one another. Transactions between major banks account for about 95% of foreign exchange transactions. The standard transaction amount is about \$10 million.

#### Quatations

- direct
- indirect

#### **Transaction Costs**

(1) Percent spread = 
$$\frac{\text{Ask price - Bid price}}{\text{Ask price}} \times 100$$

#### Appreciation, depreciation, revaluation, devaluation

Currency return (appreciation, or depreciation):

(2) 
$$r_{d} = \frac{S_{t} - S_{t-1}}{S_{t-1}} = \frac{S_{t}}{S_{t-1}} - 1 = \frac{\Delta S_{t-1}}{S_{t-1}}$$

where

r<sub>d</sub> – percentage change in the spot exchange rate using the domestic perspective,

 $S_t$  – spot exchange rate today,

 $S_{t-1}$  – spot exchange rate yesterday,

 $\Delta S_t$  - change in the spot exchange rate.

The percentage return from the foreign investor's perspective:

(3) 
$$r_{f} = \frac{\frac{1}{S_{t}}}{\frac{1}{S_{t-1}}} - 1 = \frac{S_{t-1}}{S_{t}} - 1 = \frac{1}{1 + r_{d}} - 1 = \frac{-r_{d}}{1 + r_{d}}$$

#### Continuously compounded returns

(4) 
$$r_d^* = \ln\left(\frac{S_t}{S_{t-1}}\right) = \ln(1+r_d)$$
  
(5)  $r_f^* = \ln\left(\frac{\frac{1}{S_t}}{\frac{1}{s_t}}\right) = \ln(1+r_f)$ 

(6) 
$$\mathbf{r}_{d} = \mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{r}_{d}^{*}} - 1$$
$$\mathbf{r}_{f} = \mathbf{e}^{\mathbf{r}_{f}^{*}} - 1$$

#### **Problem 1. Currency Return**

The spot foreign exchange rate was 4,0 USD/PLN yesterday.

The current exchange rate is 4,2 USD/PLN.

(a) Calculate the appreciation rate for the US dollar.

(b) Calculate the depreciation rate for the Polish zloty.

(c) Calculate the continuously compounded appreciation rate for the dollar.

(d) Calculate the continuously compounded depreciation rate for the zloty.

#### Solution

(a)

$S_0 =$		4 USD/PLN
$S_1 =$		4,2 USD/PLN

The appreciation rate for the dollar is

5%

(b)

$1/S_0 =$	0,2500 PLN/USD
$1/S_1 =$	0,2381 PLN/USD

The depreciation rate for the zloty is

$$r_{f} = \frac{-r_{d}}{1+r_{d}} = -4.8\%$$

(c)

The continuously componded appreciation rate for the dollar is  $\ln(4,2:4,0) = 4,879\%$ 

(d)

The continuously componded depreciation rate for the zloty is  $\ln(0,2381:0,2500) = -4,879\%$ 

#### Siegel's paradox

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If two investors have the same expectations about the possibilities for future exchange rates, the expected values of the exchange rates from the two perspectives are not reciprocals of each other (Jensen's inequality).

#### Problem 2. Siegel's paradox

The forecasted exchange rates are 3,0 PLN/USD with a probability of 0,5 and 5,0 PLN/USD with a probability of 0,5.

(a) Calculate appropriate exchange rates for the zloty (USD/zł).

(b) Calculate the expected exchange rates for the dollar and the zloty.

(c) Calculate reciprocal exchange rates and compare with exchange rates in (b).

## Solution

<u>(a)</u>				
Probability	PLN/	'USD	USD	/PLN
0,5	$S_1 =$	3,0	$1/S_1 =$	0,3333
0,5	$S_2 =$	5,0	$1/S_2 =$	0,2000

(b)

	PLN/USD	USD/PLN
Expected exchange rates	4	0,2667

(c)

	USD/PLN	PLN/USD
Reciprocal relationships	0,2500	3,7500

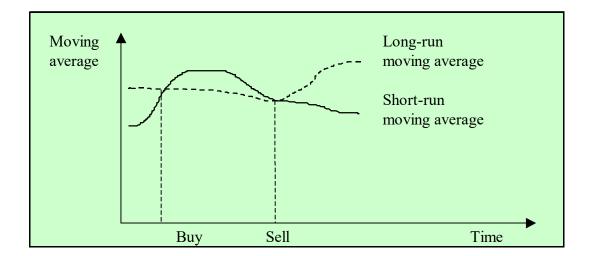
# Spot and forward exchange rates

(7) 
$$\mathbf{F} = \mathbf{S}_0 \frac{\left(1 + \mathbf{i}_d^{\mathrm{N}} \mathbf{T}\right)}{\left(1 + \mathbf{i}_f^{\mathrm{N}} \mathbf{T}\right)}$$

# Forward premium (or discount)

(8) 
$$f = \frac{F - S_0}{S_0} = \frac{F}{S_0} - 1$$
  
(9) 
$$f^* = \ln(1 + f) = \ln(1 + i_d^N T) - \ln(1 + i_f^N T) = (i_d^{N^*} - i_f^{N^*}) T$$

# Forecasting exchange rates with technical methods



# **Structural Models of Exchange Rate Determination**

## 1. Purchasing Power Parity

## Absolute purchasing power parity

$$(10) \qquad S_0 = \frac{P_d}{P_f}$$

where

 $S_0-$  spot exchange rate  $P_d-$  the current price of commodity in home currency units,  $P_f-$  the current price of commodity in foreign currency units.

# Relative purchasing power parity

(11) 
$$E(S) = S_0 \frac{(1 + \pi_d T)}{(1 + \pi_f T)}$$

# 2. Tinternational Fisher Effect

(12)  $1+i^{N}T = (1+i^{R}T)(1+\pi T)$ gdzie:

 $\pi$  - the expected inflation rate

i<sup>N</sup> – the annualized nominal interest rate,

 $i^{R}-$  the annualized real interest rate.

(13) 
$$\frac{(1+i_{d}^{N}T)}{(1+i_{f}^{N}T)} = \frac{(1+\pi_{d}T)}{(1+\pi_{f}T)}$$

gdzie:

 $i_{\rm d}^{\rm N}$  - nominalna stopa procentowa w skali rocznej w kraju,

 $i_{\rm f}^{\rm N}$  - nominalna stopa procentowa w skali rocznej za granicą.

#### Uncovered interest arbitrage

(14) 
$$E(S) = S_0 \frac{(1 + i_d^N T)}{(1 + i_f^N T)}$$

# **Covered interest arbitrage**

(15) 
$$F = S_0 \frac{(1 + i_d^N T)}{(1 + i_f^N T)}$$
 lub  $F = S_0 e^{(i_d^{N^*} - i_f^{N^*})T}$ 

# 3. Balance of payments

## 4. Monetary models

- flexible price monetary model (Frenkel, Kouri i Mussa) --
- sticky price monetary model (Dornbusch)

# 5. The Asset Market Approach (exchange rate dynamics)

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# Problem 3. Covered Interest Arbitrage

Assume that you can borrow 1000 USD or 4600 zł to make an arbitrage profit.
The current spot exchange rates and spot interest rates are as follows:
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	Ulu	ask	
foreign exchange spot rate	4,5000	4,6000	PLN/USD
interest rate on zloty deposits	17,00%	18,00%	
interest rate on dollar deposits	5,00%	6,00%	

(a) Show the series of arbitrage operations for the one-year long currency position. What is the marginal forward rate. Calculate an arbitrage profit, when the market forward rate is 4,9570 PLN/USD.

(b) Show the series of arbitrage operations for the one-year short currency position. What is the marginal forward rate. Calculate an arbitrage profit, when the market forward rate is 5,1795 PLN/USD.

#### Solution

(a)

Borrow USD
Sell USD
Deposit PLN
Buy forward USD

То	day	One year later		
USD	PLN	USD	PLN	
1000		-1060		
	4500			
	-4500		5265	
		1060		
	result	0		•

6,00% ask interest rate4,5000 bid exchange rate17,00% bid interest rate4,9670 marginal exchange rate

Marginal forward exchange rate (bid): 4,5000\*(1+17%)/(1+6%)=4,9670

At 4,9570 PLN/USD, the forward exchange rate is too low. We need to buy.

Buy forward USD

(b)

	То	day	One ye	ar later		
	PLN	USD	PLN	USD		
Borrow PLN	4600			-5428	18,00%	ask interest rate
Buy USD		1000			4,6000	ask exchange rate
Deposit USD		-1000	1050		5,00%	bid interest rate
Sell forward USD				5428	5,1695	marginal exchange rate
			result	0		

Marginal forward exchange rate (ask):

4,6000\*(1+18%)/(1+5%)=5,1695

At 5,1795 PLN/USD, the forward exchange rate is too high. We need to sell.

 Sell forward USD
 5,1795
 5439

 result
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